


Electricity Rate Schedule

	Basic Monthly Charge (\$/month)		Monthly Energy Charge (c/kW.h)			Monthly Demand Charge (\$/kV.A)	
General Service Small	Single Phase	\$17.00	First 11 000 kW.h	Next 8 500 kW.h	Balance of kW.h	First 50 kVA of Measured Monthly Demand	Balance of Measured Monthly Demand
	Three Phase	\$23.74	6.66¢	4.48¢	2.86¢	No Charge	\$8.34
General Service Medium	\$27.60		6.42¢	4.48¢	2.86¢	No Charge	\$8.34
General Service Large < 30 kV	N/A		2.73¢			\$7.08	
General Service Large 30–100 kV	N/A		2.58¢			\$6.06	
General Service Large > 100 kV	N/A		2.52¢			\$5.40	

DEFINITIONS

The following expressions shall have the following meanings:

BASIC CHARGE: a charge that helps defray those costs that do not change with the amount of electricity used. This includes the direct costs of metering, portions of the distribution system, as well as billing administration.

MONTHLY BILLING DEMAND: The greatest of the following (expressed in kV.A)

- measured demand; *OR*
- 25% of contract demand; *OR*
- 25% of the highest measured demand in the previous 12 months.

BILLING MONTH: the period of time, generally 30 days, in which Energy and/or Demand is consumed and thereafter billed to the Customer.

BILLING YEAR: twelve monthly billing periods commencing with the month of December and ending the following November.

DEMAND: the maximum use of power within a specified period of time.

DEMAND CHARGE: that portion of the charge for electric service based upon the electric capacity (kV.A) consumed and billed on the basis of the billing demand under an applicable rate schedule.

ENERGY: power integrated over time and measured or expressed in kilowatt-hours (kW.h).

ENERGY CHARGE: that portion of the charge for electric service based upon the electric energy (kW.h) consumed or billed.

GENERAL SERVICE SMALL: Non-Residential, Utility-owned transformation, Billing Demand not exceeding 200 kVA.

GENERAL SERVICE MEDIUM: Non-Residential, Utility-owned transformation, Billing Demand exceeding 200 kVA.

GENERAL SERVICE LARGE: Non-Residential, Customer-owned transformation, General Service Large class divided into these three sub-classes, depending on supply voltage.

- Exceeding 750 v to not exceeding 30 kv
- Exceeding 30 kv to not exceeding 100 kv
- Exceeding 100 kv

KILO-VOLT AMPERES (kV.A): also referred to as apparent power, is the product of the volts times current of a circuit divided by 1000. It is composed of both real and reactive power.

KILOWATT HOUR (kW.h): the basic unit of electric energy equal to one kilowatt of power supplied to or taken from an electric circuit steadily for one hour.

LOAD FACTOR: the ratio of average load over a designated time period to the maximum demand occurring in that period.

Load Factor = Average kW/kV.A Peak.

MEASURED DEMAND: the highest demand recorded in the Billing Month.

POWER FACTOR: is the ratio of real power (kW) to apparent power (kV.A) for any given load and time. Generally it is expressed as a percentage ratio.

WATT (W): the electrical unit of power or rate of doing work; the rate of energy transfer equivalent to one ampere flowing under a pressure of one volt at unity power factor.

Notes

- Rates are as approved by the Public Utilities Board of Manitoba (PUB), effective April 1, 2009, and are subject to change.
- All Rates Schedules in the publication are applied on a MONTHLY basis except as noted.
- Accounts where the Monthly Billing Demand is 50 kV.A or less within the past 12-month period, ALL energy in excess of 11 000 kW.h will be charged at 4.30 cents/kW.h.



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Comments or suggestions?

You can reach us at:

Tel. (204) 360-4698

Fax (204) 360-6108

Email ICS@hydro.mb.ca