Valued Components

Infrastructure and Services

and the Manitoba-Minnesota Transmission Project

Why do we assess infrastructure and services?

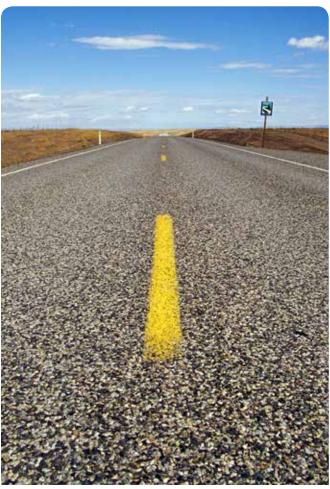
Infrastructure and services such as roads, railways, pipelines, accommodations and emergency services are important to communities, governments, private organizations and residents that own, are responsible for or use these features or services.

How will we determine potential effects on infrastructure and services?

We will undertake desktop studies and key person interviews to develop an understanding of the current status of infrastructure and services in the vicinity of the project to assess potential effects that may occur from construction and operation activities.

What assessment activities are underway?

We are collecting information on population and demographics, housing and accommodations, emergency response services, traffic, transportation infrastructure, underground infrastructure, and community services. We have also obtained information on community concerns regarding effects on infrastructure and services through community engagement activities.



Infrastructure, such as roads, located in the vicinity of the Manitoba-Minnesota Transmission Project, will be assessed for the potential effects.



What are some of the potential effects on infrastructure and services?

Potential effects on the infrastructure and services that will be reviewed as part of the EIS related to the construction and operation of the transmission line could include but is not limited to:

- additional demands on community and emergency services during construction;
- increased traffic volume during construction and/or disruption of traffic flow;
- disruption or damage to infrastructure.

What measures are we considering to reduce the potential effects on infrastructure and services?

Manitoba Hydro will abide by local protocols and bylaws during the construction and operation of the Project. We will continue to discuss the Project with local governments, government agencies and other service providers to understand local issues and develop appropriate mitigation measures to reduce potential effects.

Valued components (VCs) are components of the natural and human environment that are considered by the proponent, public, First Nations groups, Metis, scientists and other technical specialists and government agencies involved in the assessment process to have scientific, ecological, economic, social, cultural, archaeological, historical, or other importance.

